Coronado Science Fair



Student Guidebook

Science Fair: Wednesday, April 17th

Students setup projects before school starts

Judging to be completed during the school day

Family Science Night 6:00-7:30pm



Make sure that you:

- Read through this entire booklet. If you have questions, talk with the science fair coordinator listed below, or your teacher: Heather McKay, hangel123@gmail.com, 303-549-3057
- 2. **Plan** out your entire project before you begin.
- 3. **Research** your topic. Find as many facts about your topic as possible.
- 4. **Make a display board** to share your discoveries. Include **photos** of you doing your project. Follow the guidelines within this booklet for the placement of items on your display board. Make certain your display is **neat** and **eye-catching**.
- 5. **Prepare** to share everything that you have learned and done in your project.
- 6. **Bring an extension cord** if you need electricity for your project.
- 7. **Ask Questions!** If you are not certain about what should be included in your display or how to do something....ASK!
- 8. Have FUN!

Science Fair Rules:

1. You may choose to do an Experiment or a Demonstration:

Scientific Experiment (using the Scientific Method)

You may choose to ask a science-based question and use the scientific method to conduct an experiment to determine the answer. You will develop a hypothesis and then design and complete an experiment to try to prove or disprove it by evaluating the results.

Demonstration (using the Engineering Design Process)

You may choose to demonstrate a scientific principle or how something works. You will design and create a demonstration or an invention.

- 2. Your project idea must be written in the form of a question.
- 3. Your project may not endanger humans or animals.
- 4. You may work individually or with a partner.
- 5. Your project must have a visual display—including a display board, models or other items used to complete your project.
- 6. You need to do research on your topic.
- 7. Commercial kits are not allowed.
- 8. DANGEROUS OR COMBUSTIBLE CHEMICALS may not be displayed at the fair. Rockets or engines MUST NOT contain fuel.
- 9. Open flames are not permitted.
- Projects using electricity must conform to standard wiring practices and safety
- 11. Laser pointers are not allowed.

How Do I Complete an Experiment?

- 1. Choose a topic of interest.
- 2. Think of a question you would like answer on this topic.
- 3. Complete a registration form.
- 4. Research your topic.
- 5. Record your sources of information.
- 6. Write your hypothesis. What do you think will happen?
- 7. Plan your procedure.
- 8. Gather your materials.
- 9. Conduct your **experiment** as planned.
- 10. Record your results.
- 11. Review your results.
- 12. State your conclusion.
- 13. Prepare your display and bring it to the science fair.

Steps of the Scientific Method:



Possible Questions for an Experiment:

Physical Sciences:

- a) Which type of water evaporates faster: salt, tap, or bottled water?
- b) How does the temperature of a tennis ball affect it's bounce height?
- c) Which type of material will dry faster: cotton or polyester?
- d) What kind (shape) of sail will make a boat go the fastest?
- e) What type of paper airplane will fly the farthest?
- f) How does water temperature affect the time it takes to freeze?
- g) How does the size of a drum affect its pitch?
- h) Which is a better insulator: Wool, cotton, or feathers?
- i) Do different brands of batteries last longer than others?

Earth Sciences:

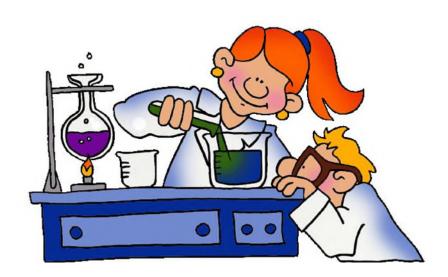
- a) Which will develop faster: salt crystals or sugar crystals?
- b) What type of metals are attracted to a magnet?
- d) Which rocks are attracted to a magnet?
- e) Which materials will conduct electricity?

Life Sciences:

- a) How much salt will a plant be able to tolerate and still grow?
- b) Which kind of seed will sprout more quickly?
- c) Under what color light do plants grow best?
- d) How does the amount of yeast affect how high bread rises?
- e) Which packaging method best reduces the growth of mold or fungus on food?
- f) Where are the most germs in your school?
- g) What is the best way to keep cut flowers fresh the longest?

How Do I Complete a Demonstration?

- 1. Choose a **topic** of interest.
- 2. Think of a question that you would like to answer on this topic.
- 4. Research your topic.
- 5. Record your sources of information.
- 6. Plan how you will **share** your information.
- 7. Prepare charts, tables, graphs, models, or other visual aids to help share your information.
- 8. Prepare a display board and bring it to the science fair along with your other visual aids.



Possible Questions for a Demonstration:

Physical Sciences:

- a) How does a siphon work?
- b) How does air pressure work?
- c) How does sound travel?
- d) How does light travel?
- e) How does a camera work?
- f) Why do things fall?
- g) What is magnetism?
- h) How does a compass work?

Life Sciences:

- a) Why do living things need air, food, and water?
- b) How do plant cells differ from animal cells?
- c) Why are roots, stems, and leaves important to plants?
- d) How do light, air, water, and temperature affect germination?
- e) What are food chains?
- f) What are the special adaptations of plants and animals?
- g) How does the human ear work?
- f) How does the human eye work?
- h) How does the tongue detect tastes?
- i) What foods contain high amounts of acid?

Earth Sciences:

- a) What are the layers of the earth?
- b) How are rocks formed?
- c) How are crystals formed?
- d) What causes a volcano to erupt?
- e) What factors affect weathering?
- f) What are fossils and how are they formed?
- g) What is the water cycle?
- h) What are the different kinds of clouds?



Sample Display Board Layouts:

Experiment Display Board

1	Title	
Procedure	Student Name	Results
	Question	
Sources of Information	Hypothesis	Conclusion
	(photos of your project)	

Demonstration Display Board

Information	Title Student Name Question	Information
	Sources of Information	
photos, charts & diagrams		photos, charts & diagrams

**This form is not required, but may be helpful in planning your science project:
Project Idea:
Questions to help with planning a Science Experience:
Question (what will be answered?):
Hypothesis (what do you think will happen?):
Procedure (what will you measure? Include a short description of the steps.):
OR Questions to help with planning a Demonstration:
Question (what will be answered?):
Plan and Create (how will you go about answering the question?):

Student's Name:		Grade:		
	4 - Avesome	3 - Good	2 - Limited	1 - Needs help
	Problem well understood, well	Problem somewhat		
Problem and	researched, and a hypothesis	understood, some research,	Problem unclear, no	
Hypothesis	presented.	hypothesis presented.	research, no hypothesis.	No problem evident.
	Procedure is completely		Procedure missing several	
	appropriate to solving	Procedure appropriate and	steps or not fully adequate to	
	problem. Steps and Materials	steps mostly listed. May be	solving problem, no materials	Procedure not appropriate t
Procedure	listed.	lacking material list.	listed.	problem.
	Variables identified and	Variables mostly isolated.	l	l.,
	isolated. A control is used.	More than one test	Variables somewhat isolated.	No tests performed, or
Variables and	More than one test is	performed, control may be	No control. Only one test	variables not identified or
Controls	performed for each variable.	missing Data is collected and	performed for each variable.	isolated.
	The data is collected neatly			
Data	and displayed where	complete but could use	Data is incompletely	
	appropriate in graphs, charts, or photos.	additional representation on board.	Data is incompletely	No data collected
Collection	or pnotos. The data is analyzed	Doard. The data is analyzed	collected.	No data collected.
	appopriately, and data	appopriately, and the data		
	supports the conclusion.	supports the conclusion.	Data is analyzed but does not	
	Sources of error identified.	May be missing sources of	necessarily support the	Data not analyzed
Analysis	Future work considered.	error or future work.	conclusion.	appopriatelų.
Milalysis	Patale Work considered.	error or radare work.		аррорпасец.
	This is a sure said at 114.	This is an idea from a website	from a website or book, but	This idea
	This is a very original idea		faithfully followed, and	This idea comes from a
a	from the student's own	or suggested by someone,	compared to previous	website or book, but not
Originality	imagination. This problem required the	but with an original twist.	results.	followed correctly.
	student to use creativity to			
	solve, and the student worked	This problem required some		
	l '	thought to solve, and was		
Level of	above their grade level to		This	
	design and perform their	appropriate to their grade	This problem required little	This
Difficult	experiment. The work of the experiment	level.	effort.	This problem was too easų.
	and of the display were			
Student's Own	performed almost entirely by	Some work performed by an	Much of the work performed	The adult did an admirable jo
Vork	the student.	adult.	by an adult.	on this science fair project.
TOIK	The display is easy to read,	The display is easy to read,	by an addit.	On this science rail project.
	attractive, and the quality of	and the quality of the writing is		
	the writing is appopriate for	mostly appropriate for the	The writing is legible. The	The writing is not legible, or
Display	the child's age.	child's age.	display could be tidier.	the display board is absent.
	The student is enthusiastic	The student is enthusiastic,	and the state is	display socialis asselli.
	and informed about their	and can answer questions		
	problem. They can answer	about their problem with		
	questions easily, and offer	prompting. They have a	1	l
	insights about what their	rough idea about what their		
	results mean, and what they	results mean or what they	The student can answer	The student could not answer
Interview	might do differently	could do differently.	some questions, but not all.	questions about their projec
			quantities parties dil.	, quita acous sien projec
Total Points:				
. Starr Omts.				
Comments:				
Comments.				
			T T	1

	e:		Grade:	
	4 - Awesome	3 - Good	2 - Limited	1 - Needs help
	Objectives are well	Objective is somewhat		
Demonstratio	understood and well	understood, some research	Objective is unclear, no	
n Objectives	researched.	completed.	research.	No objective evident.
•	Demonstrates clear	Exhibits only slightly limited	Exhibits somewhat limited	Lacks an understanding of
	understanding of principle or	understanding of principle	understanding of principle	the principle or concept
Knowledge of	concept involved; accurately	demonstrated; minor	demonstrated; minor	demonstrated; inaccurately
Scientific	relates concept to	inaccuraices in relating	inaccuracies in relating	relates demonstration of
Principle	demonstration	demonstration	demonstration	principle or concept
	Procedure or method is	Procedure or method	Procedure or method	
	completely appropriate to	appropriate and steps mostly	missing several steps or not	Procedure or method not
Procedureł	complete the demonstration.	listed. May be lacking	fully adequate to complete	appropriate to
Method	Steps and Materials listed.	material list.	demo, no materials listed.	demonstration.
	Data or results are collected	<u>.</u>		
	neatly and displayed where	Data or results are collected	l	
Data and	appropriate in graphs, charts,	but could use additional	Data or results are	L
Results	or photos.	representation on board.	incompletely collected.	No data or results collected
	The data or results are	The data or results analyzed		
	analyzed appopriately, and	appopriately, and the support	l	
	support the conclusion.	the conclusion. May be	Data or results are analyzed	l
	Sources of error identified.	missing sources of error or	but do not necessarily	Data or results are not
Conclusions	Future work considered.	future work.	support the conclusion.	analyzed appropriately.
			This idea is derived directly	
	l <u>.</u>	.	from a website or book, but	l,
	This is a very original idea	This is an idea from a website	faithfully followed, and	This idea comes from a
	from the student's own	or suggested by someone,	compared to previous	website or book, but not
Originality	imagination.	but with an original twist.	results.	followed correctly.
	This demo required the	This dame required some		
	student to use creativity to	This demo required some		
	develop, and the student	thought to develop, and was	This does not still distill	
Level of	worked above their grade	appropriate to their grade	This demo required little	This dom
Difficult	level to design and perform it. The work of the demo and of	level.	effort.	This demo was too easy.
Student's Own	ı	Come work performed by an	Milyah of the work performed	The adult did as admirable in
	almost entirely by the student.	Some work performed by an adult.	Much of the work performed by an adult.	The adult did an admirable jo on this science fair project.
V ork	The display is easy to read,	The display is easy to read,	Dy arraddic.	On this science rail project.
	attractive, and the quality of	and the quality of the writing is		
	the writing is appopriate for	mostly appropriate for the	The writing is legible. The	The writing is not legible, or
Displa¶	the child's age.	child's age.	display could be tidier.	the display board is absent.
D.Spiaq	The student is enthusiastic	The student is enthusiastic,	alapiaq obala be tidlet.	and display board is abselft.
	and informed about their	and can answer questions		l
	problem. They can answer	about their problem with		
	questions easily, and offer	prompting. They have a		
	1	rough idea about what their		
	insights about what their		The student can answer	The student could not answer
Intervie v	insights about what their results mean, and what they	results mean or what they	The student can answer some guestions, but not all.	The student could not answ
Interview	insights about what their		The student can answer some questions, but not all.	
Interview Total Points:	insights about what their results mean, and what they	results mean or what they		l